The MARYLAND GAZETTE.

[XXIst Year.] THURSDAY, July 4, 1765. [No. 1052.]

Prince-George's County, June 29, 1765.

Mr. *GREEN*,

AT a Time, when even the Authority of the *British* Parliament to Tax the Colonies is hardly underſtood, and reluctantly admitted by ſome People, no one ſeems to doubt the Right of our FACTORS, or (if you chuſe an Appellation leſs proper, and more common) MERCHANTS in *London*, to impoſe what Tallages they pleaſe upon the Shippers of Tobacco, and every one ſubmits to their Exerciſe of this Right with an Alacrity of Acquieſcence, equal to the Clearneſs of it's Principles, and the Certainty of their Operation.

The Doctrine of VIRTUAL REPRESENTATION, like that of ſubſtantial Forms among the Schoolmen, is deduced from Ideas too refined for the groſs Conceptions of Men, unexerciſed in nice, and ſubtile Diſquiſitions, and unimproved by curious and profound Reſearches; but the *immediate Repreſentation* by the Merchants, with the Powers incident to it of diſpoſing of the Property of the Planters at Diſcretion, charging what they pleaſe for all Services, whether ſecret or divulged; and of rendering what Accounts they think proper of their Adminiſtration, is obvious and ſtriking.

The Exiſtence of this extenſive Repreſentation can't be denied by thoſe who feel, and placidly ſubmit to the genuine yearly Effects of it: For it is incredible, that the Planters would ſuffer their FACTORS (I beg Pardon, I ſhould have ſaid, MERCHANTS) to charge what they pleaſe, if the Conſtituents were not convinced, that it would be inconſiſtent with the Nature of the Repreſentation to examine into, and controvert, the Validity of any Acts done by their Deputies. In common Affairs, from which the Notion of *Repreſentation* is excluded, as ſoon as an unjuſt Charge is perceived, an Objection is ſtarted, and a Rectification firmly inſiſted upon. If the Claimant ſhould not be prevailed upon, by the mild Courſe of Expoſtulation, to recede from the Exaction, this Behaviour would not only blemiſh his Character, and make all prudent Men averſe from dealing with him, but prove alſo inſufficient to the Accompliſhment of his fraudulent Purpoſe, ſince the other would ſtill have an effectual Remedy to protect himſelf from Oppreſſions. For the Factor is either Debtor or Creditor; If the former, and he ſtrives to diminiſh his Debt by indefenſible Charges, the Payment of the Whole may be compelled by a Suit; if the latter, and he endeavours to ſwell his Demand by unconſcionable Articles it may be ſafely refuſed, unleſs reduced by a juſt Abatement.

A Stranger, who ſhould inſpect an Account of Sales from a Tobacco Merchant, might be at a Loſs to find out the Propriety of Commiſſions upon Payments not made, or of charging Commiſſions, on his Trouble in paying himſelf.

On obſerving Poſtage charged upon every Hogſhead, he would be apt to expreſs his Admiration, that the Shippers ſhould univerſally be content with an Inch for Scribbling, and after all other Matters ſhould be ingeniouſly explained to him, he would not probably comprehend a Factor's Right to burthen his Principal with any Charge not actually incurred; but an Hint of the Doctrine of *Repreſentation* would at once clear up all Difficulties, and diſſipate every Cloud of Heſitation.

If *Merchant* and *Planter* could properly be conſidered in the confined Relation of *Debtor* and *Creditor*, I make no Doubt, but all the new Charges introduced ſince the Year 1759, which are yet too recent to preſcribe to the Character of Eſtabliſhments, would be given up on a few expoſtulatory Letters; but ſince the Merchant is veſted with an unlimited Authority to lay what Impoſition he pleaſes, the more heavy and frequent they are, the more conſpicuous, and meritorious, is the humble Reſignation, and implicitly ſubmiſſive Acquieſcence of the Planter.

I have obſerved, this Year, great Variety in the Article POSTAGE OF LETTERS. I have ſeen it charged at Three Pence, Four Pence, Six Pence, Eight Pence, and One Shilling. Why ſhould it not in a few Years take a new Start from Twelve Pence?

The Difference ſpecified hath not ariſen from the Number of Letters written by the Shippers, becauſe the Shilling hath been charged, tho' not a ſingle Letter was written, nor is there any Circumſtance known, or gueſſed at, to account for the Difference.

How many Shippers have been affected by the Addition to the Charge of Poſtage I can't ſay; but taking it for granted that it will be paſſed over, without Animadverſion, by thoſe who have been affected, I preſume it will become general, and very ſoon, juſtly obtain the ſame Sanction, and plead the Title many other Articles have done, that of *Uſage*, and the Courſe of Buſineſs.

Should this Suppoſition appear well founded, permit me, with all due Deference to ſuperior Wiſdom, to recommend it to thoſe who have not yet been affected by the *additional* Charge, to write to their Merchants, beſeeching them to inſert it in their next Accounts of Sales, and I flatter myſelf they will be moſt graciouſly pleaſed to comply with the Requeſt, if Care be taken to expreſs it in all the Humiliation of the petitionary Style.

This Step will entitle the Body of Planters to the Praiſe of more than paſſive Merit, and that too, without any real Expence at the Bottom, if my Prophecy of what *may be*, may be grounded upon my Obſervation of what uniformly *hath been*.

A very remarkable, and appoſite Inſtance on this Head lately occurred. Some of the Merchants had charged a Commiſſion on the new Impoſt of 1759, others had not; but there being no ſerious Objection to the Article, it hath become, I believe, general, and the Reaſon given for following the Example of the honeſt Introductors of the Charge, by thoſe who had not at firſt made it, at the ſame Time that it afforded a Proof of their courteous Condeſcenſion, (for ſurely Condeſcenſion it was to give any Reaſon at all) eſtabliſhed likewiſe the undeniable and very uſeful Maxim, that *what one hath a Right to do, another in the ſame Situation hath an equal Right to do.* Wherefore, inaſmuch as *Men* have a powerful Propenſion to exerciſe their Right, when a Profit reſults from it, I have been tempted to conjecture, that the additional Poſtage will not flop with the acute Inventors of it.

There appearing, I truſt, to be no Foundation for the Reproach of Ignorance, I ſhall next ſhew againſt all invidious Detractors, that the Minuteneſs of the Tallages, occaſionally exacted by Accounts of Sales, can't be the Reaſon, why they are paid with ſo much Complacence. I don't mean to meddle with old Eſtabliſhments; They are too ſacred to be impeached, too venerable to be arraigned. *All Government* depends upon them, and it is the Remark of a very celebrated Writer on the Subject of Polity, that "antient Foundations cannot be weakened, nor Land Marks removed, be the Pretences never ſo plauſible, without great Danger, or great Injury."

Of theſe then I ſpeak not. Fifteen Pence *per* Hogſhead was the Fund, upon which our Paper Money was emitted; One Shilling *per* Hogſhead is paid for the Support of Government, and is deemed a very great Matter; and when Three Half Pence *per* Hogſhead have been now and then added, the Compliment hath been thought too expenſive by ſome of the good People of *Maryland*, and the Givers have always been very politely thanked for their Munificence; but the Planters in a very few Years paſt have been taxed by their Delegates, the Merchants, to a greater Amount than the Fifteen Pence, the Twelve Pence, and the Three Half Pence, *per* Hogſhead, all added together, and they are ſo far from repining, that they don't even require any Reaſon for it, but are contented with the Contemplation of Figures, the Amuſement in explicating the Meaning of the Abbreviatures in their Accounts of Sales, and with admiring the Elegance of the Compoſition, which informs them, that "incloſed have Account Sales of ——— Hogſheads of Tobacco, nett Proceeds carried to Credit in Account current herewith ſent, which doubt not will find right." It is evident then that the Tenuity of the Tax, is not the Reaſon why it is ſubmitted to. It may at firſt Sight be ſuſpected, perhaps, that the Merchants think the Impoſitions too trivial to deſerve a civil Notice, and too frequent not to make the Ceremony of it troubleſome: But I muſt do them the Juſtice to ſay, it is not for this Reaſon, nor any Want of Gratitude, or good Manners, that they do not thank the Planters upon every new Taxation; for, upon *theſe* Occaſions, Repreſentatives never do Thank their Conſtituents. Thank Them indeed they do, when They are appointed Delegates, and have, with this Character, the Power of taxing confer'd on them, and ſo do the Merchants, when They receive the Tobacco which confers on Them the *ſame* Power. Let it not then be objected to the worthy Merchants, that They are wanting in Politeneſs, or due Acknowledgments, when They do not obſerve the Language of Compliment, where it would be unſuitable to the Subject. From Him to whom any Thing is *given*, Thanks may be expected, but not from him who *takes*.

Would the Merchants exerciſe their Right of taxing with ſo little Reſerve, had They not been encouraged, by long Experience of the dutiful and ready Obedience of their Conſtituents, and would their Conſtituents have diſplay'd this admirable Obedience, if They were not the moſt quiet, the moſt paſſive, the moſt ſubmiſſive, People, in the Univerſe?

The reciprocal Conduct of Merchant and Planter then, in their Intercourſe, will, (as it doubtleſs ought) prevent all Imputations on the good People of *Maryland*, of a *diſcontented* or *refractory* Spirit, ſhou'd they hint a little Diſcontent at the late Stamp Act, ſince, upon a fair Examination, it can't, with an Appearance of Candour, be derived from any other Source, than their Ignorance of political Fictions, of the latent Principles of a refined Contexture, and of that inquiſitely artificial Concatenation of Conſequences, upon which the important and moſt ſalutary Doctrine of *Virtual* Repreſentation is conſtructed.

Since we ſee what good-natured, eaſy, patient, tame, Folks, the Planters are, in their ready Reſignation, unattended by the leaſt Murmur of Complaining, Whiſper of Diſapprobation, or Shrug of Diffidence, when their Merchant-Repreſentatives publiſh, by an Account of Sales, a new Impoſt, there is the greateſt Reaſon to expect, that They will not only obey without Reluctance, but even applaud the Stamp Act, as ſoon as it ſhall appear to Them to be the legitimate Offspring of Conſtitutional Authority, and not the Production of oppreſſive Domination.

Far from me be the Attempt to draw into Queſtion, the Rights and Prerogatives of the Merchants, by direct Impeachment, or covert Inſinuation. It would be impertinent in him to diſpute a Power, who is but little affected by it, when thoſe, who are a great deal, pay a willing Obeiſance to it. Beſides, were the Power palpably uſurped, I have not ſufficient Reſolution to accuſe of Iniquity, Exactors, or to convince the willingly oppreſſed, that they deſerve what they ſuffer by their Tameneſs in bearing it, and inſtead of hoping for any Diminution of their Burthens, that they ought to expect an Addition to their preſent Preſſures, as great as they can Bear, like the Aſs in the Fable, without being rendered totally uſeleſs to their Lords and Maſters. For even that Man, who is ſo meek and lowly of Spirit, as not only to truckle to the Power of the imperious and lawleſs Oppreſſor, but to reſign himſelf patiently to the Rule of a feeble Woman, might be roufed to a very furious and dangerous Reſentment, at the Sound of the Word, *Hen-peck'd*.

Having, as I hope, eſtabliſhed the pacific and long ſuffering Character of the Planters, and accounted ſalſly for any Uneaſineſs ſome of them may expreſs at the late Stamp Act, upon the Hypotheſis of their not underſtanding the recondite Doctrine of *Virtual Repreſentation*, to which, I am confident, they will aſſent, and yield all Obedience as to the Acts of, as ſoon as it ſhall be unveiled, by [illegible] explanatory Commentaries, and reconciled with common ſenſe. I beg leave to [illegible] a very important Propoſition to the Conſider-

ation of the Public, and rendering it cruelly Acceptable.

It is notorious what Pains were taken by the weighty and respectable Body of *Maryland* Merchants to avert the Imposition of the Stamp, how early they formed a Committee to concert the proper Means for warding off the dreadful Blow, with what Wisdom they laid their Plan, with what Zeal, Vigour, Address, and Perseverance, they directed, urged, and enforced, their Applications. These Things we all equally know, such Merit being too illustrious for the most Inattentive to overlook. 'Tis true, alas! 'tis too true, their Endeavours, so generous, so laudable, so indicative of their Gratitude, their Attachment to our Interests, failed, but it was not their Fault.

After such pregnant Proofs of their friendly Regard, I can't doubt that any reasonable Overture for the Relief of the Planters will be favourably received by them. Upon this just Presumption, therefore, I have framed the Proposition, that, instead of their charging Commissions hereafter upon Payments of future Duties they shall not make, they may be intitled, by Way of Composition, to the additional Sum of One Shilling *per* Hogshead, over and above the Amount of the highest Charges in any Account of Sales hitherto transmitted, to be annually levied of the Body, Goods, and Chattels, Lands and Tenements of the Shipper, by Order of the Justices of the County wherein the Shipper shall reside, and to be paid to the Attorney in Fact of the Merchant-Representative, in Case the Tobacco shou'd not, as sometimes happens, sell for enough to defray the Charges, and that the Justices may not through Remissness, or otherwise, suffer the Merchant-Representative to be defrauded of his Due, the Attorneys in Fact to appoint proper Persons to attend the respective Courts, and superintend the Demeanour of the Justices. Shou'd the Merchants be so indulgent as to signify their Willingness to accept of the proposed Composition, the Assembly will, without Doubt, pass an Act to secure it, since great Advantage will, most probably, redound from it to his Majesty's most dutiful and loyal Subjects, the good People of *Maryland*.

I suppose the Consent of the Merchants previous to the Act of Assembly, since, without it, any Attempt to introduce a Restriction or Regulation of the Intercourse between her Sons *in Law* in *America*, and her *own* Sons in *England*, might probably alarm the Affections of, and be deemed inconsistent with the Duty we owe to, the Mother Country.

I have mentioned the Advantage of the People. Few Words will sufficiently explain it. Whilst the Merchants are intitled to a Commission (and intitled to it they are, if they claim and receive it) upon all Duties on Tobacco, whether actually paid, or not, their Interests and the Planters are Opposite. Merchants, hereafter, actuated by selfish Passions, may have more Inclination to promote their own Emolument, than Tenderness towards those, at whose Expence their Profit shall arise, and therefore, there is Reason to fear, that, instead of the ardent Opposition lately formed to the Stamp-Act, they may, if not compounded with, privately solicit new Impofts on Tobacco. The Utility of the proposed Law would therefore consist in it's taking away the Temptation the Merchants may be under of employing their secret Endeavours to bring about such Impofts.

The Stamp Duty, we are told, is only an Earnest of what we are to expect. The next Imposition may be upon Tobacco, and should a new Impost be laid upon Tobacco, what Reason could be assigned, what Distinction invested, to shew that a Charge of Commission upon a Duty to be imposed in 1769, might not be introduced as reasonably and conscientiously, as on the Duty of 1759.

It is a dangerous Thing to trust the most upright Men, even the Merchants of *London*, with Temptations of Interest, which have been found so powerful in seducing frail Mortals from the Paths of Integrity and Honour: If any Men deserve to be trusted in such a Situation, I must grant that the Merchants in *London* do.

Who has not heard how indefatigable they were to prevent the new Impost in the Year 1759, what dejected, woe-be-gone Countenances, they wore when it took place! How much drier their Lips were than their Eyes on the Evening they spent together after that Event, an Event, on which neither could Joy inspiring *Bacchus* in his Purple Dress exhilarate, nor Care-compelling Punch, relieve the Grief-stricken Guest!

After a Disappointment so cruel, a Distress so severe, who can blame or envy the Consolation they have found in the comforting Cordial of a Commission on the new Duty?

The additional Charge for Postage of Letters, *&c.* being not yet established, let me hope that the Three Pence may stand; for as we are to pay Postage for Letters *to be written to Us by* our Correspondents, it looks a little odd at this Time to enhance the Charge of Postage for Letters *not written by* Us *to* our Correspondents.

I do not expect my Hope with any sinister Aim against a new Perquisite, nor am I so idle as to hope at all, that after having made it's Appearance it will vanish, and be no more heard of, unless some Substitute equally profitable is recommended in it's Stead, and therefore I humbly propose, that the old Three Pence may stand without Augmentation, and a new Charge be introduced, to run thus, *for the* CHANCERIZING *Nine Pence per Hogshead*, or let it be abbreviated CHANCE if they please. The Trouble the Merchants have, must needs be very great, when they sell a great Number of Hogsheads at a general undistinguishing Price by the Pound, to *CHANCERIZE* the Matter, as it is called, among the Shippers, *i. e.* to allot a Price for each Hogshead according to it's Quality.

Of their admirable Equity and Impartiality in their arduous Office of CHANCELLORS, I could produce various and irrefragable Testimonies; but shall, to avoid Prolixity, barely hint at one Proof, which is abundantly sufficient.

It is notorious, that a Debtor to a Merchant never gets a higher Price, than one who is clear, when the Quality of their Tobaccoes is in all Respects as equal as possible, notwithstanding the great Temptation the Merchant is undoubtedly under to make a Difference in *Favour* of his Debtor, to enable him to discharge his Score, and *get out of Debt*.

Yours, &c. Y. Z.

LONDON, *April* 20.

IT appears that it was legal to Quarter Troops in private Houses in Scotland before the Union, and it never having been altered by Law since, Troops are to this Day in that Country Quartered at Discretion, on those who neglect or refuse to pay the Land Tax. This is now urged as a Precedent for the like Measure in America, though we cannot learn any of our Colonies ever refused to pay any Taxes imposed upon them. As Scotland has been produced as a Precedent for America, is it not too much to be feared, that e'er long both Scotland and America may be urged for doing the like in England? If once this happens, adieu to all that is dear and valuable to Men.

April 23. We hear the King of Prussia had like to have been burnt by Reading in Bed; he had fallen asleep, during which the Sheets had taken Fire.

The Bill for Quartering Soldiers in North-America, is put off till next Year.

April 24. We are assured that the Result of some late important Councils, relating to the present untoward Disposition of Affairs in North-America, has been, to remove not only Measures, but Men, so far as shall be found necessary, to encourage Commerce, and restore the public Tranquility in that Quarter.

We hear that a certain Sum of Money arises, or which may arise, from the Duties granted by an Act of last Session, for laying certain Duties on Goods and Merchandize in the American Colonies, is to be applied for the Payment of his Majesty's Troops that are kept for the Defence of the said Colonies and new acquired Settlements.

April 25. Yesterday his Majesty went in State to the House of Peers, attended by his Grace the Duke of Rutland, Master of the Horse, and the Earl of Pomfret, and gave the Royal Assent to such Bills as were ready for that Purpose; when his Majesty made a Speech to both Houses of Parliament, in which he told them, That the tender Concern which he felt for his faithful Subjects, made him anxious to provide for every possible Event which might affect their future Happiness or Security.

That his late Indisposition, tho' not attended with Danger, had led him to consider the Situation in which his Kingdoms, and his Family, might be left, if it should please God to put a Period to his Life, whilst his Successor was of tender Years.

That the high Importance of this Subject to the public Safety, good Order and Tranquility, the paternal Affection, which he bore to his Children, and to all his People, and his earnest Desire, that every Precaution should be taken, which might tend to preserve the Constitution of Great-Britain unviolated, and the Dignity and Lustre of its Crown unimpaired, had determined him to lay this weighty Business before his Parliament, and as his Health, by the Blessing of God, was now restored, he took the earliest Opportunity of meeting them, and of recommending to their most serious Deliberation the making such Provision as would be necessary, in Case of any of his Children should succeed to the Throne, before they shall respectively attain the Age of Eighteen Years.

That to this End, he proposed to their Consideration, whether, under the present Circumstances, it would not be expedient to vest in him the Power of appointing, from Time to Time, by Instruments in Writing, under his Sign Manual, either the Queen, or any other Person of his royal Family, usually residing in Great-Britain, to be the Guardian of the Person of such Successor, and the Regent of these Kingdoms, until such Successor shall attain the Age of Eighteen Years, subject to the like Restrictions and Regulations, as are specified and contained in an Act, passed upon a similar Occasion, in the Twenty-fourth Year of the Reign of the late King, his royal Grandfather; The Regent so appointed to be assisted by a Council, composed of the several Persons, who, by Reason of their Dignities and Offices, are constituted Members of the Council established by that Act, together with those whom they might think proper to leave to his Nomination.

A particular Clause in the Marriage-Act, so far as regards his Majesty's American Islands and Plantations is expected to take Place this Session.

We hear the late Act for calling in the American Paper Currency will not be repealed.

The Alarm taken at the Clause for Quartering Troops in private Houses in America is not groundless.

April 27. It is now said the American Provinces will have a Liberty to melt down Bullion for establishing a Gold and Silver Currency; not to be coined as in Europe, but stamped, after the Manner practised in the neighbouring Spanish Provinces.

BOSTON, *June* 13.

We hear from Newport, Rhode-Island, that his Majesty's Ship Maidstone, having pressed a Number of Seamen belonging to that Place, their Brethren on Shore were so much irritated, that on Tuesday last (King's Birth Day) they seized upon her Barge, which having drawn up into the Street, they made a Bonfire of; and it is said one of the Lieutenants making some Resistance, was also much abused.

The following Advertisement is in the London Prints.

STAMP OFFICE, *April* 11, 1765.

THE Commissioners for managing his Majesty's Stamp Duties, finding it necessary to alter the Officers Hours of Attendance, give Notice, that for the future all Stationers and other Persons wanting any Vellum, Parchment and Paper to be stamped, are to apply in the Forenoon; the Afternoons being appropriated for the Service of Stamping for AMERICA AND THE WEST-INDIES.

NEW-YORK, *June* 20.

Extract of a Letter from Detroit, May 19, 1765.

"Since the Arrival of the Sloop CHARLOTTE, we have been informed that Maisonville, and Andrew, the Huron, who, you may remember, were sent from this to Fort-Pitt, were sent from thence with some Englishmen to the Illinois, whom it is supposed are burnt; as Pondiac's Nephew arrived at the Miamees from thence the 9th Instant, and told the Indians that Pondiac had seized six Englishmen, one Frenchman, and three Indians, that had been sent from Fort Pitt to that Place, and carried them to Ouiattanon, where they were all burnt, except two, which he intends to bring to the Miamees for a Present.

"Pondiac is now raising the St. Joseph Indians, the Miamees, the Mascoutins, Ouiattanons, Pians and Illinois, to come to this Place the Beginning of next Month, to make what Efforts they can against us, for which Purpose he has procured a large Belt for each Nation, and one larger than the Rest for a Hatchet for the Whole: They are to be joined by some of the Northern Indians, as is reported. This, they say, is to be an Undertaking of their own, as they are not to have any Assistance from the French.

"When Pondiac left the Miamees, he told them to remain quiet till he came back, as it should then be all Peace or all War.

"I make no Doubt of their Intention to perform what we have been informed of, though I do not think it will come to any Head; and I am likewise well convinced if Pondiac could be made believe he would be well received at this Place,

e would desist from any Intentions he may have; but it will be impossible to convince him of that, while there are such a Number of audacious Villains about him. You cannot imagine what most infamous Lies they have made ever since you left this. Some of them Fellows who came from the Miamees last Spring, upon whom we had a Court of Inquiry, are run away, and have made some very insolent Speeches to the Indians."

ANNAPOLIS, *July* 4.

On the 13th of last Month, Died at *Boston*, of a lingering Illness, Captain EDMUND RUTLAND, of this City; and, on the 15th, his Remains were decently Interr'd, being attended to the Grave by a great Number of Gentlemen belonging to that Place. He was well respected by his Neighbours and Acquaintance.

Yesterday arrived here, in 16 Days from *Barbadoes*, the Brig *Achsah*, Capt. *Noel*, of *Baltimore*, who brings Word that Markets were low, and Provisions very plenty.

This GAZETTE "*is of few Days and* "*full of Trouble.*" Poor JOB. *ch.* xiv.

We have had several MS *Copies of some late* Resolves *of the House of Burgesses in* Virginia, *just before their Dissolution, desiring a Place for them in this Paper. The following are received from a Gentleman in that Colony; and, if any Error in them, the Fault lies not here.*

RESOLVES of the House of Burgesses in VIRGINIA, *June* 1765.

THAT the first Adventurers and Settlers of this his Majesty's Colony and Dominion of *Virginia*, brought with them, and transmitted to their Posterity, and all other his Majesty's Subjects since inhabiting in this his Majesty's Colony, all the Liberties, Privileges, Franchises, and Immunities, that at any Time have been held, enjoyed, and possessed, by the People of *Great Britain*.

That by Two Royal Charters, granted by King *James* the First, the Colonies aforesaid are Declared Entitled, to all Liberties, Privileges and Immunities, of Denizens and Natural Subjects (to all Intents and Purposes) as if they had been Abiding and Born within the Realm of *England*.

That the Taxation of the People by Themselves, or by Persons Chosen by Themselves to Represent them, who can only know what Taxes the People are able to bear, or the easiest Method of Raising them, and must themselves be affected by every Tax laid upon the People, is the only Security against a Burthensome Taxation; and the Distinguishing Characteristic of *British* FREEDOM; and, without which, the antient Constitution cannot exist.

That his Majesty's Liege People of this his most Ancient and Loyal Colony, have, without Interruption, the inestimable Right of being Governed by such Laws, respecting their internal Polity and Taxation, as are derived from their own Consent, with the Approbation of their Sovereign, or his Substitute; which Right hath never been Forfeited, or Yielded up; but hath been constantly recognised by the Kings and People of *Great Britain*.

Resolved therefore, That the General Assembly of this Colony, with the Consent of his Majesty, or his Substitute, HAVE the Sole Right and Authority to lay Taxes and Impositions upon It's Inhabitants: And, That every Attempt to vest such Authority in any other Person or Persons whatsoever, has a Manifest Tendency to Destroy AMERICAN FREEDOM.

That his Majesty's Liege People, Inhabitants of this Colony, are not bound to yield Obedience to any Law or Ordinance whatsoever, designed to impose any Taxation upon them, other than the Laws or Ordinances of the General Assembly aforesaid.

That any Person who shall, by Speaking, or Writing, assert or maintain, That any Person or Persons, other than the General Assembly of this Colony, with such Consent as aforesaid, have any Right or Authority to lay or impose any Tax whatever on the Inhabitants thereof, shall be Deemed, AN ENEMY TO THIS HIS MAJESTY'S COLONY.

IMPORTED,

In the Brig ACHSAH, *Capt.* NOEL,

CHOICE *Barbados* RUM, *Madeira* and SUGAR, and old CANE SPIRIT in Kegs of 10 Gallons, which will be Sold very reasonable, for ready Money or short Credit, by

(3w) CHARLES WALLACE, and Company.

JUST Re-printed, The STAMP ACT. To be had of J. GREEN, or of Mr. JOHN CLARKE, at *Oxford*.

TO BE SOLD,

On Saturday the 6th of this Instant July, *at* ANNAPOLIS, *to the Highest Bidder*,

ABOUT Forty Hogsheads of MOLASSES: One Half of the Purchase Money must be paid down on Delivery of the Molasses, in Silver, Gold, or Bills; A Month's Credit will be given for the Remainder, and any Sort of Money taken in Payment. / JONAS GREEN, V. M.

PREROGATIVE OFFICE.

ANNAPOLIS, the 4th of *July*, 1765.

FURTHER Notice is hereby given, that the Commissary's Court will not meet, according to Adjournment, the 9th of this Month; being re-adjourned to the 18th Instant, at which Time the Court will certainly sit and proceed to Business.

Per Order, / ELIE VALLETTE, Register.

ALL Persons who were Indebted to the late Reverend Mr. *Charles Lee*, late of *Anne-Arundel* County, at the Time of his Decease, as well as those who then had any Claims against him, are requested to meet at Mr. *William Woodward's*, Senior, in *Annapolis*, on Monday the 22d Day of *July*, that this Business may be adjusted and settled, by

(3w) / WILLIAM KEENE, SAMUEL KEENE, } Executors.

June 28, 1765.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Messrs. *Sydenham* and *Hodgson*, are hereby required to made Speedy Payment to the Subscriber, who is fully authorized to receive the same, and will attend the Adjourned Provincial Court at *Annapolis*, next Month, and for some Time afterwards, at *Baltimore-Town*, on Purpose. And all those who have laid any Attachments, or have any Demands against the said Estate, are desired to make them known to / (2w) GARLAND BRITTEN.

Annapolis, July 4th, 1765.

THE Subscriber begs Leave to inform the Public, That he has moved his School out of *Charles Street*, to the House lately occupied by Mr. *Charles Wilson Peale*, in *Church-Street*, which is a more suitable House and Place, and nearer the middle of the Town, than the House from which he has mov'd, and therefore humbly hopes, (as it is more convenient in general, it will not disoblige any of his good Customers) where is Taught, with Care and Assiduity, by proper and most approved Methods, Reading with Propriety, Writing in various Hands, Arithmetic, Vulgar and Decimal, in all it's Branches, Extraction of the Square and Cube Roots, Biquadrat, &c. Mensuration, *Ward's* Algebraic Arithmetic of Infinites, applied to Superficies and Solids, Geometrical Definitions and Problems; Practical Geometry and Trigonometry; to which will be added, Theorems, Consectaries, Scholiums, Lemmas, and Demonstrations, which will elucidate every Problem or Proposition; also Planimetry, Surveying, Stereometry in all it's Parts, in which will be Taught, not only to find the Contents of any Cask, Hogshead, &c. in Wine, Beer, and *Winchester* or Corn Gallons, but also to Gauge and Take the Ullage of any Geometrical Figure (supposing them to have Profundity) viz. Geometrical Squares, Rumboe, Rumboides, Parrallelogram, Isoscales, Equilateral, Scalenous, or Amblygonium, and Right Angled Triangles, Tropezias, Cylenders, Ships, Sells, Brewers Kettles, Segment of Globes, Regular and Irregular Polygons, &c. Conic Sections, with plain Demonstrations of the Parabola, Hyperbola, and Ellipsis.

Those who have favour'd me with their Custom, have laid particular Obligations on

Their most obliged very humble Servant,

/ W. HUTCHINGS.

STOLEN, on the 6th of *June* last, out of Capt. *James Saunders's* Orchard, near *Queen-Anne*, a well set Dark Bay Mare, with a Slit in her Right Ear, and an Under Bit out of her Left, and branded on the off Shoulder thus, S. She trots and gallops exceeding well, and is a very fine Draught Creature.

Whoever secures the Thief, shall be entitled to Forty Shillings Reward, or Twenty for the Mare.

/ ELIZABETH SAUNDERS, Senior.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Philip Hammond*, at the Head of *Severn*, taken up as a Stray, a Bay Mare about 12 Hands high, branded on the near Buttock thus S, and shod before.

The Owner may have her again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

THERE is at the Plantation of *Walter Little*, on the North Side of *Severn*, taken up as a Stray, a Chesnut colour'd Horse, with a white Mane and Tail, of the Bald Face Breed, about 13 Hands high, shod before, and branded on the near Shoulder thus M. He appears to have been a Waggon Horse.

The Owner may have him again, on proving his Property, and paying Charges.

WANTED,

AN OVERSEER, well Qualified to undertake the Management of a Farm, and that can come well Recommended. If he has a Wife that is used to a Dairy, and no young Children, he will be the more agreeable. Enquire at the *Printing-Office*.

TO BE SOLD,

On board the Trial, *Capt.* Errington, *in* Lyon's Creek, Patuxent,

TWO Seven Year Servants, viz. A very good Taylor, who served a regular Apprenticeship, and work'd at the Business several Years as a Journeyman: Also, A Mathematical Instrument Maker, an ingenious Fellow, and has a good Notion of the Carpenter's and Joiner's Business. Any Persons inclining to purchase, may apply to Capt. *Errington*, who will treat with them for (4w) WILLIAM RUSSELL.

To be SOLD *by the Subscriber, for* Cash *or* Tobacco, *together, or divided into two Parcels*,

ABOUT £. 400 prime Cost of GOODS, consisting of *Irish* Linens, Sheetings, Osnabrigs, Mens and Womens Shoes, Mens fine and coarse Hats, *Kendall* Cottons, coarse and fine Broad-Cloths, Shalloons, Cotton Velvet, Sagathy, Duroy, figu'd Dimity, &c.

(tf) DANIEL OF ST. THOMAS JENIFER.

Piscataway, June 13th, 1765.

CASH to be had for good *London* BILLS of EXCHANGE, of

(2w) IGNATIUS PEMWICK, junior.

WILLIAM HAYES,

BLOCK-MAKER and WHEEL-WRIGHT, *Lately arrived from* LONDON,

INFORMS the Public, That he has lately taken the Shop heretofore occupied by Mr. *William Phillips*, Turner, at the upper End of *Gay-Street*, near the Old Bridge, in *Baltimore-Town*, where all Gentlemen may be furnished with BLOCKS, &c. in the best Manner, and upon the most reasonable Terms. (tf)

THE Subscriber having Open'd TAVERN, at the Sign of the *White Horse* in *Annapolis*, where Mr. *Henry Gassaway* lately lived, keeps the best of LIQUORS, and will be obliged to any Gentlemen for their Custom. He also carries on the Ship Carpenter's Business, and will build by the Ton, or Otherwise, as reasonable as any Person, and with as quick Dispatch.

(tf) JOHN BALL.

STRAY'D or STOLEN from the Subscriber, living near the *Patapsco* upper Ferry, a dark Bay Mare, near 15 Hands high, with a narrow Blaze in her Face, a Snip on her Nose, long Rase, Sprig Tail, branded on the near Shoulder W, is a natural Pacer, and Battle-Hamm'd.

Whoever takes up the said Mare, and brings her to the Subscriber, or informs, so that she is had again, shall receive Five Pounds Reward, and reasonable Charges, paid by

April 14, 1764. WILLIAM MILLS.

N. B. She is supposed to be stole by those notorious Horse-stealers, the *FERROLS*, who lately broke out of *Annapolis* Prison. (tf)

TO BE SOLD,

THE SLOOP *Patuxent*, of 90 Tons Burthen, now lying at *Piscataway* Creek, in *Prince-George's* County; she is 4 Years old, but very found and tight, well found, and sails well. Six Months Credit will be given if required. If none should come to purchase within 10 Days after the Publication of this Advertisement, I would let her on Freight, for a Voyage to any of the *West-India* Islands. (4*) JAMES MARSHALL.

I NOW fully intend to leave this Country in *September* next, and therefore request all Perſons who are indebted to the Store I have kept for Meſſieurs *John Glaſſford* and Company, to come without Delay and make Payment, or ſettle their open Accounts with me, by Bond, Bill, or Note. Thoſe who come to ſettle, and cannot pay off this Year, will be indulged with Time, on giving Security if required; And thoſe who Neglect or Delay, may expect to be Sued or Warranted, without farther Notice.

Mr. *Alexander Roſs* ſucceeds me in the ſame Buſineſs, and is now opening a new Cargo of Goods in *Piſcataway*, to be Sold for Tobacco, Caſh, or Bills, where all old good Cuſtomers, or new, will receive good Uſage, and good Pennyworths, which it is hoped will be the beſt Inducement for their Cuſtom. (4*) JAMES MARSHALL.

TO BE SOLD,

THE SLOOP *Induſtry*, between 40 and 50 Tons Burthen, 3 Years old, well found, a prime Sailer, fit for the Sea or Bay Trade. Any Body inclinable to purchaſe, may be informed of the Terms and Price, by enquiring at the *Printing-Office*.

To be LET for a Term of Years, and may be Entered on the Firſt of October *next*,

THE Subſcriber's Buildings in *Queen's-Town*, *Queen-Anne's* County, being convenient for either a public or private Family, it having been under Rent to a Gentleman, Doctor of Phyſic, for ſome Years, but at preſent intends to remove to Buildings of his own, adjacent to the ſaid Town. Any Perſon that may have Occaſion for ſuch a Place, may know the Terms by applying to (*6) THOMAS BAKER.

TEN POUNDS REWARD.

BROKE out of *Anne-Arundel* County Jail, *Dennis Ferrell*, who was committed on Suſpicion of Horſe ſtealing: He had on an old Check Shirt, white Cloth Waiſtcoat, Drugget Breeches, and a Pair of old Shoes and Stockings. He is about 24 Years old, 5 Feet 8 Inches high, and very brown complexion'd, being of the *Indian* Breed. Whoever ſecures him, ſo that the Subſcriber may get him again, ſhall receive the above Reward; and if brought to *Annapolis*, reaſonable Charges will be paid, by JOSEPH GALLOWAY, Sheriff.

ABOUT 50 Years ago, came into this Province, as a Phyſician or Surgeon, a Gentleman whoſe Name was *David M'Gill*, [younger Son of Mr. *Arthur M'Gill*, of *Kenback*, in the County of *Kyle*, in *Scotland*,] who married a Woman of the Name of *Bond* or *Boon*, by whom, it is ſuppoſed, he has left ſeveral Children, particularly two Sons, who, it is imagined, have ſettled in *Maryland*, or ſome of the neighbouring Provinces: If they will apply to the *Printing-Office*, in *Annapolis*, they will hear of Something to their Advantage.

Kent-Iſland, *June* 10, 1765.

I TAKE this Method to acquaint the Public, That I am much obliged to all thoſe Gentlemen that have ſubſcribed to my Packet, and alſo thoſe that have been ſo kind as to favour me with their Cuſtom, during the Time my Ferry was kept from *Broad-Creek*, on *Kent-Iſland*, to *Annapolis*: But finding it diſadvantageous to continue it any longer, from the ſmall Encouragement I have met with, and the Ferriages being leſſened, have thought it more to my Advantage to Rent it to Mr. *Thomas Hutchings*, whoſe Ferry, I am convinced, from the Conduct of the Public in general, has been thought ſufficient to carry across the Bay all thoſe that have Occaſion to Travel by Way of *Kent-Iſland*. (*3) EMORY SUDLER.

The SCHEME of the

Land, Plate, *and* Goods LOTTERY.

Which will be drawn ſome Time in September *next, at* Annapolis *in* MARYLAND.

All PRIZES: No BLANKS.

		£.	£.
2 Prizes containing about 350 Acres of Land, ſituate in *Kent* County,	500 Value each,		1000
4 Ditto, containing about 175 Acres ſituate as above,	250	—	1000
1 D°. being a curious Aſſortment of Plate,	100	—	100
1 Ditto,	—	78: 0: 0	78
2 Ditto,	—	50: 0: 0	100
4 Ditto,	—	25: 0: 0	100
8 Ditto,	—	12: 0: 0	96
20 Ditto,	—	10: 0: 0	200
16 Ditto,	—	6: 0: 0	96
50 Ditto,	—	4: 0: 0	200
100 Ditto,	—	2: 10: 0	250
40 Ditto,	—	1: 17: 6	75
100 Ditto,	—	1: 10: 0	150
150 Ditto,	—	1: 0: 0	150
500 Ditto,	—	0: 12: 0	300
7000 Ditto,	—	0: 6: 0	2100
1 Firſt drawn,	—	—	2: 10
1 Laſt drawn,	—	—	2: 10
8000 Tickets at 15 s. *Pennſylvania* Currency, is			6000

The Public will eaſily perceive that this Lottery is on a much better Footing than any other that has been plann'd for theſe many Years. The utmoſt Care has been taken in the Choice of the Goods, Plate, *&c.* to render Satisfaction to the Adventurers.

The following are ſome Particulars of the Prizes, exclusive of the Land.

CURIOUS Silver Coffee Pots, with elegant Silver Waiſters; a large Silver Tankard in the genteeleſt Taſte; a Pair of handſome Pint Mugs; Silver Punch Strainers; neat Silver Sauce Boats; Punch Ladles; Salt Cellars, *&c.* A curious chiming Table Clock; a Parcel of Silver Watches; a large Aſſortment of Gold, Silver, and Pinchbeck Seals; a Quantity of the beſt Guittars and Violins in neat Caſes; the beſt *German* Flutes by the moſt noted Makers in that Branch; Stone Shoe Buckles from 10 l. to 3 l. *per* Pair; ſhaving Equipages complete; ſome elegant and curious Stone Necklaces; Perſpectus, and Stay-Hooks for Ladies, among the former a one of 25 l. Price; a Optical Glaſſes of the beſt Kind, made by the principal mathematical Artiſts and a curious Microſcope for magnifying Inſects and ſmall Objects; a vaſt Variety of Gold Rings ſet differently, ſome with Diamonds; Ladies Breaſt Caſes; a Variety of neat Fowling Pieces and Fuzees; Silver mounted Swords, Cutteaus de Chaſe; Optical Pillar Machines for viewing Proſpects; 30 Dozen of the very beſt ſtrong Silk Stockings; ſome Pieces of rich *Indian* and *French* Silks; an infinite Variety of the neateſt Breaſtes, differently ſet, ſome in Gold and others in Silver; compleat Sets of mathematical Inſtruments, from 30 l. to 35 l. a Caſe; univerſal Ring Dials; elegant ſtuff Boxes of various Kinds, from 5 l. to a Dollar; beautiful *French* Fans for the Ladies, mounted in Leather; a vaſt Variety of Silver Pencil Caſes, and Tooth-pick Caſes; ſome travelling Equipages; a large Quantity of the neweſt Faſhion Silver and Pinchbeck double gilt Shoe and Knee Buckles; Stone Stock and Knee Buckles; a Quantity of the very beſt *Hyſon* Tea; Silk Umbrellos; Gold Lace; the neateſt Silver mounted Pocket Piſtols, *&c.*

Alſo a Library of BOOKS, *ſelected from the beſt Authors, viz.*

SWIFT's Works; Pope's, Addiſon's, Shakeſpear's, Butler's, Johnſon's, Hooke's, Smollett's, Congreve's, Gay's, Rowe's, Otway's and Steel's Works; Chambers's Dictionary of Arts and Sciences, Owen's Ditto; Bayles Lex Mercatoria; Statutes at large, 8 Vols. Quarto, a new Edition; M'Knight's Harmony of the Goſpels; Leland's Works; Parliamentary Hiſtory of Great-Britain, 24 Vols; a general Hiſtory of the World, in 40 Vols; Lady Montague's celebrated Letters and Travels; Entick's Hiſtory of all the Tranſactions of the late War; Smollett's, Hume's, Rapin's and Tindal's Hiſtories of England; and a very great Variety of Books and other Articles, extreamly uſeful and ornamental.

The Goods are depoſited at *Annapolis*, and the Prizes will be delivered from thence, (*Philadelphia*, *New-York*, and *Boſton*, as may be agreeable to the Situation of the Adventurers) as ſoon as drawn, without any Deduction or Evaſion whatever.

As it is difficult to collect in the loweſt Prizes, 7000 Articles, exactly of that Value; the Public may be aſſured that many Hundred of them inſtead of Six Shillings, are of Eight, Nine, Ten, and Twelve Shillings Value; and very few, if any, not intrinſically worth the Six Shillings.

The Prizes, as they are drawn, will every Week be advertiſed in this Paper.

Tickets may be had of *Hodges* and *Shreve*, in *Boſton*, *New-York*, and *Philadelphia*; of *William Strahorne*, Eſq; at *Cheſter-Town*, The Rev. Mr. *Maſſey*, at *George's Town*, *Maryland*; Mr. *Joſeph Royle*, in *Williamſburg*; and at the PRINTING-OFFICE in ANNAPOLIS.

THE Subſcriber intending to *London* early in the Fall, requeſts all Perſons who have Claims againſt him, to bring them in, that they may be ſatisfied: And thoſe Indebted are deſired to come and ſettle their Accounts. Thoſe that cannot make Payment this Summer, will be indulged with a reaſonable Time, on giving Bond with Security if required.

He hath Imported from *London*, in the *Ferry*, Capt. *Lane*, An Aſſortment of *European* and *Eaſt-India* GOODS, which is to be Sold at his Store in *Upper-Marlborough*, for Caſh, Bills, or Tobacco. (4*) JOHN READ MACRUDER.

ANNAPOLIS, *June* 19, 1765.

JUST IMPORTED by the SUBSCRIBER, from LONDON,

AN Aſſortment of the very beſt HAIRS and other Materials, for WIG-MAKING. Gentlemen in the Country may be furniſhed, on the ſhorteſt Notice, with all Sorts of PERUKES, made in the beſt Manner, for ready Money, or ſhort Credit. Thoſe that are Indebted to him, are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment. (1*) THOMAS HEWITT.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE, for the Benefit of the Inſurers, and Others concerned, on Tueſday the 9th Day of July *next, at* X *o'Clock* A. M. *at the Dock in* ANNAPOLIS,

TWO ANCHORS, one of them Weight 9 C. 1 q. 9 lb. the other 3 C. 2 q. 1 lb. A Long-Boat, Sails, and Two Oars; a Yawl and Oars; a Parcel of Spikes and Bolts; about 40 Fathom of 9 Inch Cable, and about 60 Fathom of Hauſer, with ſundry other Things too tedious to mention: Being what was ſaved of the Ship *Rachel*, lately burnt in *Hunger* River. (3*) THOMAS BROWNING.

Kent-Iſland, *June* 19, 1765.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER,

A LARGE commodious Deck'd, and Two Open, BOATS, almoſt new, in good Order, and well Rigged, on very reaſonable Terms. JAMES HUTCHINGS.

ALL Perſons Indebted to *John Robinſon*, late of *Annapolis*, deceaſed, Painter and Glazier, and Myſelf in Partnerſhip, are deſired to pay off their reſpective Balances as ſoon as poſſible: And all thoſe who have any Claims againſt the ſaid *John Robinſon*, are deſired to bring them in legally proved, to WILLIAM TUCK.

N. B. The Subſcriber carries on the Painting and Glazing Buſineſs, at his Shop in *Annapolis*, as uſual, and will be obliged to Gentlemen for their Cuſtom. (1*) WM. TUCK.

To be SOLD by the SUBSCRIBER, to the HIGHEST BIDDER, on Monday the 5th of July *next, at the Plantation wherein* Thomas Adams *now lives, near Mr.* Prigg's *in* Prince-George's *County, and within 5 Miles of* Nottingham, *for Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange,*

PART of Two Tracts of LAND, the one called *Truman's Hills*, the other *Pheaſant's Hills*, contiguous to each other, and containing in the Whole 251 ACRES; there are two Tenements on the Land, and the Soil very good.

The Sale to be about 11 o'Clock, and if bad Weather that Day, the firſt fair Day after.

The Money, or Bills, to be paid down, or Bond on Intereſt, with Security, if required. (1*) JOSHUA BEALL.

JUST IMPORTED in the Sally, *Capt.* Buchanan, *from* LONDON, *and is to be SOLD by the Subſcribers, at their Store in* Church-ſtreet, ANNAPOLIS, *for Caſh, or Bills of Exchange, Wholeſale and Retail,*

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, ſuitable for the SEASON. Likewiſe, *Weſt-India* RUM by the Hogſhead, *Maryland* RUM by the Hogſhead or Tierce, *Muſcovado* SUGAR by the Barrel, MOLASSES by the Hogſhead, old *Madeira* WINE by the Pipe, Hogſhead or Quarter Caſk; *Liverpool* SALT by the Buſhel, *Briſtol* ALE by the Dozen, *Caſtile* SOAP and CANDLES by the Box, PORK by the Barrel; and alſo, all Sorts of CORDAGE and SHIP CHANDLERY. (4*) STEWART & RICHARDSON.

SUPPLEMENT

To the *MARYLAND GAZETTE*, [No. 1052.]

Annapolis, *July* 4, 1765.

To the Printer of the Westminster Journal.

SIR,

AS it is said, that in the Bill which is soon to be brought into the House, for the better paying and regulating the Army in his Majesty's *American* Dominions, there is to be a Clause, that *Soldiers may be Billetted, or Quartered, upon private Families*, I should take it as a Favour if any of your ingenious Correspondents would answer the following Questions. 1. Whether the Subjects of the Crown of *Great-Britain*, in whatsoever Part of its Dominions they may be settled, are not to be esteemed a *free People*, and treated as such? 2. Whether they are not entitled to, and ought to enjoy, *all the essential Rights of* Englishmen? 3. Whether an *Englishman forfeits all his Rights, and is no more a Freeman*, when he goes abroad and settles in some of the Colonies of this Kingdom? 4. Whether such People are, or can by any Means be deemed *free*, who are subject to have *Soldiers Quartered upon them at Pleasure*? 5. Whether the Passing a Law for Quartering Soldiers on *private Families* in our Plantations abroad, will not be a large Stride towards *enslaving us in the same Manner at home*? 6. And whether our tamely submitting to fix *Shackles on our Fellow-Subjects in America*, would not shew that *we Ourselves were ripe for the same in* England? LIBERTAS.

June 25, 1765.

RAN away on Saturday Night the 22d Instant, from the Subscriber, an *Irish* Servant Boy, named *Hugh M'Donald*, about 17 Years of Age, about 5 Feet 3 or 4 Inches high, wears his own Hair, which is of a yellowish Colour, round shoulder'd, one of his Eyes a little sore, Parrot-toed, and had a small Iron Collar on, but it is supposed that he will get it off. He took with him 2 Tow Linen Shirts, and 2 Pair of Trowsers of the same, a half worn black Crape Jacket, without Sleeves, lined with white, two Pair of Worsted Stockings, one Pair ribb'd, a Pair of half worn Shoes, yellow Metal Buckles, an old Wool Hat, and a large Linsey Blanket. He took with him a *Guiney* Negro Boy, about 14 Years of Age, named *Sancho*, he has been scored in both his Cheeks, and the Marks appear plain: He had on a Tow Linen Shirt and Trowsers, an old Great Coat of a brownish Colour, and a Negro Cap made of Woollen Yarn. They stole a Battoe, and went off by Water, from the Head of *North-East*.

Whoever takes up the said Servant and Negro, and secures them so as their Master may have them again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward for each, beside what the Law allows, paid by the Subscriber, living near the *North-East* Forge, in *Cecil* County.

(*3) JOHN READ.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living on *Elk-Ridge* in *Anne-Arundel* County, the 26th of *May* last, a Convict Servant Man named *Samuel Beach*, he is a lusty, well made Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, of a fresh Complexion, wears his own short yellowish Hair, his right Thumb remarkably crooked, and is very apt to get in Liquor. Had on when he went away, an old Felt Hat, Country Cloth fulled Jacket, coarse Country made Linen Shirt and Trowsers, and a Pair of strong Country made Shoes, with a large Nail in the Toe of each.

Whoever takes up the said Servant, and brings him to his Master, or secures him so that he may be had again, shall have Twenty Shillings Reward, if taken 20 Miles from home; Forty Shillings, if out of the County; and Three Pounds *Pennsylvania* Currency, if out of the Province, beside what the Law allows, paid by

(*3) BENJAMIN LAWRENCE.

June 17th, 1765.

PROPOSALS

For Printing by

SUBSCRIPTION,

A New Piece, entitled,

The COMPENDIOUS

ACCOMPTANT:

CONTAINING

NEW and EASY RULES

For Computing in a concise Manner,

I. The Value of any Quantity of Goods, or Merchandize, *&c.*

II. Interest upon Notes, Bonds, *&c.* when partial Payments are made after the Principal falls due.

ALSO,

New, Easy and Short Ways for Reducing Current Money into Sterling, and the Contrary, at any of the general Rates of Exchange.

TO WHICH ARE ADDED,

The most concise Method of Measuring Work performed by Sawyers, Masons, Joiners, Painters, *&c.*

AND

The shortest Ways of Gauging and Ullaging Casks by the Pen.

By *H. HOWARD*, Jun^r.

The Whole will be comprised in a small Octavo Volume, elegantly Printed upon a good Paper, and neatly stitched in Blue.

The CONDITIONS will be one Dollar for each Book; Five Shillings of which to be paid at the Time of Subscribing, and the Remainder when the Book is delivered.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are taken in by *Jonas Green*, at the Printing-Office in *Annapolis*; and *David Hall*, at the New Printing-Office in *Philadelphia*; and by the Author, at the *Elk-Ridge* Furnace. 2

George-Town, June 4th, 1765.

UPON a Petition being preferr'd to the worshipful Justices of *Frederick* County, at *June* Court in 1764, by *John Murdock*, praying that Commission might issue to certain Persons, impowering them to examine Evidences relating to the Bounds of the Three following Parcels of Land, *viz.* one called *Philip and Jacob*, one called *Whiteheaven*, and Part of a Tract called *Friendship*, all lying in *Frederick* County, and near *George-Town* on *Potowmack* River, or the Bounds of any other Land or Lands, whereon the Bounds of the aforesaid Lands may depend, or whereto they may relate, in order to ascertain and perpetuate the same; which Petition being Granted, and a Commission thereupon issued and directed to us the Subscribers for that Purpose:

We hereby give Notice to all Persons any wise concerned or interested therein, or whose Property may be any wise affected thereby, That we intend to meet on the said Tracts, on the first Monday in *August* next, precisely at Ten o'Clock, in order to execute the said Commission, that we may make due Return thereof, together with the Depositions, so that the same may be Recorded in perpetual Memory, according to the Directions of the Act of Assembly in that Case made and provided.

CHARLES JONES, *C. D.*
ROBERT PETER,
ANTHONY HOLMEAD,
ERASMUS GILL.

(3*)

JUST IMPORTED, And to be Sold by PATRICK M'GILL, at his Store at ELK-RIDGE *Landing*, in the Pearl, *Capt.* Francis, *from* Scotland, *and in the* Friendship, *Capt.* Frost, *from* London,

A NEAT Assortment of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, suitable for the Season; amongst which are some handsome Lutestrings and Tobines: Likewise a very good *Harrison's* Spinner.

(*6) 3

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, *in the* Sally, *Capt.* BUCHANAN, *and to be Sold by the Subscribers, at their Store in* ANNAPOLIS, *by Wholesale or Retail, for Cash, Bills of Exchange, or short Credit, on very reasonable Terms*,

A CHOICE Assortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, suitable for Summer and Winter.

(tf) CHARLES WALLACE & Comp.

WHEREAS the Subscriber's Worldly Affairs are so circumstanced, that he is under a Necessity of leaving this Province in a short Time, in Order to settle them, and the many Favours he has already received at the Hands of many of the Gentlemen residing here, encourages him to make a further Trial of their benevolent Disposition, in helping him to dispose of the Tickets in the following LOTTERY, whereof a Scheme is annexed. The House and Store are situated in the most advantageous Spot of Ground for Trade in the City of *Annapolis*, and at these dull Times would be reckon'd very reasonable at the yearly Rent of Fifty Pounds Currency, so that whoever gets the two first Prizes will lay out his Money well, and should it so happen that two are concern'd, they will see their Advantage in selling out or buying in as they can agree. The Land is situated in *Dorchester* County, very valuable, and could the Subscriber wait for the Money, would sell among the Neighbours, for as much Sterling as it is valued at present in Currency; it will be divided in Three equal Lots of 45 Acres, for the Convenience of Buying or Selling. The remaining 127 Tickets are to be paid off in *European* Goods, rated very low in *Pennsylvania* Currency.

As the Sale of the Tickets in this Lottery will enable the Subscriber to get clear of all the Effects whereof he stands at present possessed in this Province, in a speedy Manner, he takes this Method of acquainting the Public, that their good Offices in assisting him to perfect the same, will never be forgot by him, and to convince them that the Whole will be carried on with the greatest Integrity, he has made Choice of the following Gentlemen in this City to be Managers of the Whole in his Absence, and they are impowered to make Deeds to the fortunate Adventurers for the Houses and Land, and deliver the several Goods, as numbered in their respective Lots.

The Managers are, Messieurs, *Lancelot Jacques, Anthony Stewart, Thomas Richardson, Richard Macubin, Charles Wallace, William Stewart, Reverdy Ghiselin*, and *Colin Campbell*, and the two Book-keepers, *George Clarke* and *George Digges*.

The Drawing will be on the first Tuesday in *August* next, or sooner if the Tickets are all sold; Fourteen Days Notice whereof will be given in the *Maryland Gazette*, that as many of the Adventurers as chuse to attend may be present.

HENRY WARD.

The Scheme *of the* Land, Houses, *and* Goods LOTTERY, *which will be Drawn the First Tuesday in* August *next*,

2 Prizes, for the House and Store, Value 250 Pounds each,	£.	500
3 Ditto, for the Tracts of Land, each 45 l.		135
125 Ditto, for Goods, at 40 s. each,		250
1 First drawn, — — —		10
1 Last drawn, — — —		5
132 Prizes,		
768 Blanks,		
900 Tickets at 20 s. each, are	£.	900

THE Subscribers having furnished themselves with Two compleat Hands in the LEATHER BREECHES MAKING BUSINESS, from *London*, inform the Public, That they may be supplied with LEATHER BREECHES of all Sorts and Sizes, made in the best and neatest Manner.

H. CATON,
(6t) W. WILKINS.

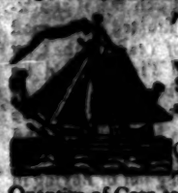
THE Subscriber having finished the SILVERSMITH'S and GOLDSMITH'S Business, as usual, at the Sign of the Golden Ball in *Church-Street*, ANNAPOLIS, hereby gives Notice to the Public, That he will work as reasonable as any Man, and will give the best Prices for old Gold and Silver. JAMES CHALMERS.

JUST IMPORTED from LONDON, *in the* Anne and Mary, RICHARD CARR, *and to be Sold by the Subscriber in* UPPER-MARLBOROUGH, *for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco,*

A LARGE Assortment of *European* and *East-India* GOODS, among which there is Houshold Furniture, consisting of Chairs, with Matted and *Russia* Leather Bottoms, Mahogany Dressing, Card, and Writing Tables, Looking Glasses, Fire Screens, Field Bedsteads, with Matrasses and Furniture, Check Curtains, Bason Stands, Tea Chests and Waiters, an Assortment of *Tunbridge* Wares, great Variety of Paper Hangings and Landscapes, Music, and Musical Instruments, Spinnet Jacks, Tin Ventilators, that effectually prevent Chimneys from Smoaking, Water Proof Cloths, Patent Ram Skin Breeches, and *Dutch* Rappee Snuff. FRANCIS LEAKE.

N. B. Those who bring the Ready Money, will find a proper Distinction made between That and Credit. (tf) *F. L.*

To be CHARTER'D, for any Part,



THE SLOOP CHARLOTTE, now lying in *Herring Bay*, well Found, and Fitted for the Sea; will carry 2000 Bushels, and is a prime Sailer.

For Terms apply to SAMUEL CREW at *Poplar Ridge*, on *Herring Bay*, who has a sufficient Quantity of Corn to sell, to load the Sloop, which he will dispose of reasonably. (tf)

To be LET, for a Term not under Seven, nor exceeding Twenty Years, and to be Entered on immediately,

THE MILLS belonging to the Subscriber, at the Falls of *Rappahannock* River, in *Virginia*; and, together with them, a good commodious Dwelling-House, with necessary Out-Houses, and Twenty Acres of as good Land as any in the Colony, on which the Mills and Houses stand. The Stream is not only sufficient for the present Works, which are in good Repair, and consist of two Pair of large *Cologne* Stones, with Tub Wheels under one Roof, and one Pair same Sort of Stones with double Gear'd Work, quite new, in an exceeding good large framed House, but also for a Forge Wheel, or any other kind of Water Work; and there is no Danger from Floods in the Winter, nor was there ever known a Scarcity of Water in the greatest Droughts, at which Times the Toll Custom extends many Miles in a thick settled Country. The Convenience to good Navigation for Sea Vessels, to the Town of *Fredericksburg*, distant one Mile, to the Town of *Falmouth*, which Lands on the North Side of the River, opposite to the Mills, and a good Fording Place between them, and to a fertile Back Country, where large Quantities of Grain may be purchased, are Advantages very obvious, and afford a Prospect for carrying on the Flour and Baking Trades to great Extent and Profit, especially the latter, as most of the Ships in *Rappahannock* River have Occasion to send to the above Towns for Tobacco, Iron, &c.

As I live on the Premises, shall at all Times be ready to make known my Terms, to those who incline to treat with

Their humble Servant,
(4t) FRANCIS THORNTON.

JOSHUA HOSER and JOSEPH SPENCER, *SHOEMAKERS,*

At their Shop, next Door below Mr. Couden's *Store, in* Church-Street, ANNAPOLIS,

MAKE and SELL all Sorts of BOOTS, Mens Double and Single Channell'd Pumps, Shoes, and Turn'd Pumps; Womens Shoes and Pumps.

N. B. Womens Silk and Stuff SHOES and PUMPS, made as neat as in *London*. (tf)

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, for Cash, Bills, or Tobacco,

A TRACT of LAND called *Wiltshire Plains*, containing upwards of 400 Acres, lying within two Miles of *Bryar Town*, in *Charles* County, on the 2d Day of *September* next, on the Premises.

(1t) SAMUEL PARRAN.

RAN away from the Subscriber, living near *Lower-Cedar-Point* in *Charles* County, the 17th of *May* last, Three Convict Servants, imported in the *Tryal*, Capt. *Errington*, from *London*, viz.

John Thomas, a stout swarthy Man, about 32 Years of Age, upwards of 6 Feet high, has black Eyes, and dark brown Hair. Had on an old Jacket lined with Country Cotton, a red Cloth Cap, an old Check Shirt, old black Worsted knit Breeches, and 3 Pair of Yarn Hose.

John Maund, alias *Philpott*, about 21 Years of Age, 5½ Feet high, has dark brown Hair, grey Eyes, and Lisps in his Speech. Had on a Snuff colour'd Coat and blue Breeches, ribb'd Worsted Hose, a Check Shirt, and old Shoes.

James West, about 5 Feet high, 15 or 16 Years of Age, has dark brown curl'd Hair, and grey Eyes. Had on and took with him, a *Scotch* Bonnet, a white Linen Shirt, two Coats, one a dark Cloth, the other a light colour'd Surtout, a Pair of Leather Breeches, ribb'd Worsted Stockings, and a Pair of Pumps.

They took with them two new Osnabrigs Shirts, one Pair of Pumps, one Pair of Shoes, and one Pair of old Shoe Boots.

Whoever takes up and secures the said Servants, so that their Master may have them again, shall have Three Pounds Reward; or Five Pounds if brought home, beside what the Law allows, and in Proportion for either.

(tf) THOMAS JAMES.

N. B. All Masters of Vessels are forewarn'd not to carry them off at their Peril.

THOMAS SMITH, *from* Philadelphia, *and*
NATHANIEL BUNKER, *from* New-England,
COOPERS,

HAVE just open'd their Cooper's-Shop, at the lower End of *Prince-George's-Street*, on the Dock in ANNAPOLIS, where all Persons may be supplied with CASKS of any Sort or Size, and with any Quantity, done in the best Manner, and at the most reasonable Rates, by

Their humble Servants,
(6t) SMITH & BUNKER.

THE Subscribers beg Leave to inform the PUBLIC, That they have lately Erected, at *BALTIMORE-TOWN*, in MARYLAND, A DISTILLERY for making RUM; which, (by many good Judges who have seen it) is allowed to be one of the largest, compleatest and best constructed STILL-HOUSE of any in NORTH-AMERICA: And having furnished themselves with an expert DISTILLER, and a plentiful Stock of MOLASSES, they purpose to carry on the DISTILLING BUSINESS extensively, and to supply constantly the Demand for Home-made RUM, at nearly the same as the *Philadelphia* Prices, at least on much lower Terms than the Province of MARYLAND has been generally supplied with that Article. The RUM already made by them has been highly approved by the best Judges, and deemed superior to either *Philadelphia* or *New-England* RUM; and they hope to give Satisfaction to the Public, as well as maintain their own Reputation, by continuing to make always of the same approved Quality.

As this Undertaking is so well calculated to promote the general Trade of the Province, and so convenient for supplying the Country Traders, Farmers, &c. who bring their Produce to *Baltimore* Market, as well as to promote the private Emolument of the Owners; it is hoped the Public will give proper Encouragement to a Branch of Trade so useful, and so much wanted in the Province.

Any Gentlemen wanting Quantities of RUM for Exportation, by giving timeous Notice may be supplied, and proper Allowance made to such, by

Their humble Servants,
SAMUEL & ROBERT PURVIANCE, & Comp.

ANY Person willing to Contract for the Building a BALL-ROOM in ANNAPOLIS, may see the Plan at Mr. *Richardson*'s, to whom they are desired to give in their Proposals in Writing, in Order to their being laid before the Managers.

STRAYED from the Subscriber's on *Rock* Creek, in *Frederick* County, last March, a thin Mouse colour'd Horse, about 14 Hands high, paces naturally, his Brand, if any, forgot.

Also a well made Iron Grey Horse, about 15 Hands high, paces and trots, branded on the near Buttock T I.

Both of them were shod before, and are supposed to have made towards *Calvert* County.

Whoever will deliver them to *Benjamin Nicholson*, near *Calvert* County Court-House, *Thomas Johnson* in *Annapolis*, or the Subscriber, shall be paid Thirty Shillings, or Fifteen Shillings for either; or if Information is given where they may be found, the Favour will be thankfully acknowledged, by

(tf) JAMES JOHNSON.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC VENDUE, by the Subscriber, on the 22d Day of August next, being the 3d Day of Court, at the House of Mr. Arthur Charlton, *in* Frederick-Town, *in* Frederick *County, for Sterling Money, or Bills of Exchange,*

A VERY valuable Tract of LAND called *Aix-la-Chapelle*, containing 1790 Acres, lying and lying in *Frederick* County, on the east Branch of *Seneca*, and near the Mouth of the said Branch; the Land is well wooded and watered. One Year's Credit will be given, for one Half of the purchase Money (if desired) upon giving good Security, and paying Interest.

(tf) CHARLES CARROLL, jun.

TO BE SOLD,

THE *LANCASHIRE* FORGE, consisting of Two Fineries, a Chafery, and one Hammer; together with about 400 Acres of very valuable Land, situate upon *Deer-Creek*, a fine Stream of Water, in *Baltimore* County, about 12 Miles from the Head of *Bush* River, and 7 from the nearest navigable Parts of *Susquehanna*. For Title and Terms, apply to the Subscriber, at *Nottingham* Forges, upon the Great Falls of *Gunpowder* River.

(8t) CORBIN LEE.

Kent-Island, April 19, 1765.

AS it is published in the *Philadelphia* Paper, that the noted Horse DOVE, imported by Dr. *Hamilton*, is now Covering at Mr. *Dames*'s, such Gentlemen on the Western Shore as incline sending Mares to him, may have them carefully brought over the Bay, sent up to the Horse, and returned at *Annapolis* when done with him, at Twelve Shillings and Six Pence each Mare. Particular Care shall be taken of them. Good Pasturage both at Mr. *Dames*'s and my House.

(7t) BMORY SUDLER.

RAN away from the Subscriber, a Negro Man named *Jem*, a likely lively young Fellow, about 5 Feet 8 or 9 Inches high, has a wild Look, and when spoke to appears surprized. He was formerly the Property of Mr. *Robert Gordon*, of the City of *Annapolis*, deceased, so that it is very likely he spends some Part of his Time among his Acquaintance in Town. Whoever takes up the said Fellow, and secures him, so that he may be had again, shall have Eight Dollars Reward.

(tf) ROBERT TYLER.

WHEREAS one *JOHN HUNT*, who left *England*, and in the Year 1748 lived in *St. Paul*'s Parish, *Baltimore* County, *Maryland*, as a Saddler, and removed to *Watsons* Parish in the same County; from thence, 'tis said, he went to *Cumberland* in *Georgia*, and from thence to *St. Augustine*; and in *January*, 1764, as it is also said, he ordered a Cargo of Goods from *London*, to be directed to Messrs. *Boston* and *Rogers* in *St. Augustine*, to be left with Messrs. *Hopers* and *Swallows*, in *Charles-Town*, *South-Carolina*: If the said *John Hunt* be still Alive, and will apply to the Subscribes, living in *Baltimore-Town*, *Maryland*, he will hear of Something to his Advantage. If he is Dead, which is most likely, any Person that will bring a proper Certificate of his Death to the Subscriber, shall receive a REWARD of FIVE GUINEAS. (12t) JOHN MERRYMAN, jun.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by JONAS GREEN and WILLIAM HUNT, in *Charles-Street*. All Persons may be supplied with this GAZETTE at 12*s.* and 6*d.* per Year. ADVERTISEMENTS of a moderate Length are inserted for 5*s.* the First Week, and 1*s.* each Time after; And Long Ones in Proportion.